Climate change impacts and adaptation Europe -What science and data tell us?

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An (un)exceptional summer in Europe









Twelve-month European surface air temperature anomalies





Economic losses from weather and climate extremes 1980-2020



Based on CATDAT database for EEA-32

Large variation across Europe in insured losses



European Environment Agency

source: https://www.eea.europa.eu/ims/economic-losses-from-climate-related Data from Risk Layer

Europe will get even warmer...

Low-medium emissions scenario







Temperature change: annual, summer, winter (projected change for 2080s, two scenarios)

High emissions scenario







Projected change in annual, summer and winter temperature for the forcing scenarios RCP4.5 and RCP8.5





500 1 000 1 500 km

Source: EURO-CORDEX (Jacob et al., 2014)





Warming is accelerating



Nature under threat: increase of climate extremes – forest fires



Projected change in fire weather index







source: https://www.eea.europa.eu/ims/forest-fires-in-europe Data from JRC EFFIS

Humans under threat: increase of climate extremes – heat waves



Change Service

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https://climate-adapt.eea.europa.eu/observatory/++aq++metadata/indicators/health-heatwave-high-temperature-and-humidity-1971-2099?bs=0#

Social vulnerabilities and exposure to heatwaves



Source: Lancet Countdown, 2020

Climate change impacts influence yields

Projected percentage change in yields 2021-2050 compared to 1981-2010





Source: DG JRC (PESETA III project)





Climate change will affect the economy of farmers

Projected change in farmland value by 2100



- Agricultural income in Europe is projected to decrease
- Farmland values projected to decrease the most in southern Europe (figure)
- Some farmland might be abandoned due to climate change if no adaptation is introduced

Warmer temperatures in winter lead to more pests and diseases



Development of pest infestation for olive trees in Italy based on high-end scenario

- 75 % of global olive oil production is in Europe an important agriculture commodity for exports
- By end of century 60-80 % of olive trees might be affected by pests due to the warmer conditions mostly because of warmer winters (currently around 10 %)
- Adaptation options include early warning, spraying and planting resilient trees



Increase in mean and extreme sea level by 2100



100-200

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Projected change in the frequency of historical 1-in-100 year coastal flooding events by 2100

50-100



● 1-5 ● 5-10

0 🔘 10-50

● 200-500 ● > 500



500



Sea level rise and coastal population



European Climate Risk Assessment

2016: Climate change impacts and vulnerability report



2021: Climate change hazards interactive report

WEB REPORT

Europe's changing climate hazards — an index-based interactive EEA report

Climate change is happening and we need to get ready for more intense heatwaves, floods and storms, wildfires and water scarcity. Different climate-related hazards affect regions, sectors of the economy and members of society in different ways. Decision-makers need the best data and information to help them understand the imperatives and make the necessary preparations — adapted to the different scenarios and likely consequences, at European, national and sub-national levels. Europe's changing climate hazards, an interactive index-based EEA report, brings it all together with an overview of past and projected changes in Europe's most important climate hazards.

2024: European Climate Risk assessment and priorities for actions



Providing data and information on climate adaptation solutions







About - Policy context - Evidence on climate and health - Resource catalogue - Publications and outreach -

European Climate and Health Observatory

We provide easy access to a wide range of relevant publications, tools, websites and other resources related to climate change and health.



Policy and programmes drive adaptation



Global level

Policies:

UNFCCC Paris Agreement

Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction

Sustainable Development Goals



European level

Policies:

EU Climate Adaptation Strategy

EU Regulation on governance of the Energy Union and Climate action and the Climate Law

EU Water Framework Directive and Floods Directive

EU Biodiversity strategy

EU Common Agricultural Policy

EU Action plan on sustainable finance

Programmes:

European Environment Agenc

LIFE+, Copernicus, Horizon 2020/Europe



Actions on adaptation in EU Member States

- All EU Member States (MSs) have a dedicated adaptation policy in place
- All EU MSs have prepared climate change impacts assessments
- Few countries with climate risk assessments
- Some MSs have started evaluation of the strategies and identifying adaptation measures

Leg	end:
	No adaptation policy adopted
	National Adaptation Strategy (NAS) adopted
	National Adaptation Plan (NAP) adopted
	NAS and NAP adopted
*	NAS revision adopted
	Min. 1 Sectoral Adaptation Plan (SAP) adopted and reported (2021)
	Min. 1 Regional Adaptation Plan (RAP) adopted and reported (2021)
	SAP and NAP reported (2021)

https://climateadapt.eea.europa.eu/#t-countries



Investing into adaptation at subnational level





Demonstrating systemic transformations to climate resilience

Accelerating transformations to climate resilience

Preparing and planning for climate resilience



Climate ambitions: towards climate neutrality



Source: COM(2021) 554 final

Forests becoming net source of emissions (example in Czechia)



Thank you

